

Math 10A with Professor Stankova

Quiz 2; Wednesday, 9/6/2017

Section #106; Time: 10 AM

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Name: _____

Circle True or False or leave blank. (1 point for correct answer, -1 for incorrect answer, 0 if left blank)

1. **TRUE** False The range of an invertible function f is the domain of the inverse f^{-1} .

2. True **FALSE** If a function f is defined at $x = 0$, then we must have $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = f(0)$.

Show your work and justify your answers.

3. (10 points) Let $f(t) = \frac{\sqrt{9-t^2} - 3}{t^2}$.

(a) (2 points) What is the domain of f ?

Solution: The domain is when $9 - t^2 \geq 0$ and when $t^2 \neq 0$. So $D = \{t : t^2 \leq 9\} \cap \{t : t \neq 0\} = [-3, 0) \cup (0, 3] = \{t : -3 \leq t \leq 3 \text{ and } t \neq 0\}$.

(b) (3 points) Find $\lim_{t \rightarrow \sqrt{5}} f(t)$.

Solution: Since f is continuous at $t = \sqrt{5}$, which we know since it is a combination of polynomials, the limit is just $f(\sqrt{5}) = \frac{\sqrt{9 - \sqrt{5}^2} - 3}{\sqrt{5}^2} = \frac{\sqrt{4} - 3}{5} = \frac{-1}{5}$.

(c) (5 points) Find $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} f(t)$.

Solution: We have that

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{9-t^2} - 3}{t^2} &= \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{9-t^2} - 3}{t^2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{9-t^2} + 3}{\sqrt{9-t^2} + 3} \\ &= \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{9 - t^2 - 9}{t^2(\sqrt{9-t^2} + 3)} = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{-1}{\sqrt{9-t^2} + 3} = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{9} + 3} = \frac{-1}{6}. \end{aligned}$$